

Hovinbyen is a densely populated area. Due to the negative impact on the climate and the trend of population growth due to industrial development, it will bring resistance to urban transformation and the creation of a better living environment.

From the perspective of planning, the street structure and transportation mode in the area will be rectified, urban complexes such as houses and shops will be added, and roads will be weakened. The enclosed square will provide more leisure activities for the citizens; the transition area will fill the green space park to enhance the vitality of the site. In view of the particularity of the location and the historical background of Oslo, we find that the industrial zone behind the modern development trend is separated from the living environment in which people live, and runs counter to Norwegian traditional rural life. . Therefore, we take urban agriculture as the starting point, combined with the industrialized city imprint and the traditional rural life, and propose a harmonious and beautiful living environment to give the landscape design. The farmhouse in the site was refurbished from the original green space into a vegetable field combined with no soil-based planting, forming a new planting, picking, popular science, leisure activity space, strengthening the characteristics of the urban area and inspiring the city's vitality. The site inherits the original site texture and uses landscape design to awaken people's memories of urban history.

We believe that the proposed construction of the site in this balanced mode can lead to reflections on the reconstruction of urban transformation zones around the world and build a better living environment.